AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 26 "SUBDIVISION" AND CHAPTER 30 "ZONING" OF THE *CHRISTIANSBURG TOWN CODE* IN REGARDS TO PROVISIONS FOR PARKING, OPEN SPACE, SIDEWALKS, AND A COMPACT DEVELOPMENT OPTION

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia has recommended to the Council of the Town of Christiansburg amendments to the Subdivisions Ordinance and Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Christiansburg; and,

WHEREAS, notice of the intention of the Town Council to pass said ordinance was published two consecutive weeks (_____, 2010 and _____, 2010) in The Roanoke Times – New River Current, a newspaper published in and having general circulation in the Town of Christiansburg; and,

WHEREAS, a public hearing of the Planning Commission of the Town was held August 16, 2010; and,

WHEREAS, a joint public hearing of Council and the Planning Commission of the Town was held _____, 2010 and resulted in a recommendation by the Planning Commission that the following proposed ordinance revisions be adopted; and,

WHEREAS, Council deems proper so to do,

Be it ordained by the Council of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia that Section 26-7 of Chapter 26 "Subdivisions" of the *Christiansburg Town Code* be amended as follows:

ARTICLE III. REQUIRED IMPROVEMENTS

Sec. 26-7. Generally.

(a) *Plans and specifications.* Three blue or black line prints of the plans and specifications for all required physical improvements to be installed shall be prepared by an engineer or surveyor and shall be submitted to the agent for approval or disapproval within 45 days. If approved, the original copy, minimum 18' x 24', bearing certification of such approval shall be returned to the subdivider and/or his representative. The subdivider shall provide the Town with sufficient copies as deemed necessary by the agent. If disapproved, all papers shall be returned to the subdivider with the reason for disapproval in writing. In the event no action is taken in 45 days, such plans shall be deemed approved.

(b) *Streets.* The recordation of a plat of a proposed subdivision shall operate to transfer to the proper jurisdiction agent such portion of the premises platted as is on such plat set apart for streets, alleys, easements and other public uses, and to create a public right of use and passage over the same. All such streets so set apart on any such plat shall be not less than 50 feet in width and shall be paved to a minimum width of 30 feet. All streets shall be hard-surfaced and storm drainage systems and curb and gutter systems shall be installed in accordance with Town specifications when required by the Town Council.

(1) *Alignment and layout.* The arrangement of streets in new subdivisions shall make provision for the continuation of existing streets in adjoining areas. The street arrangements must be such as to cause no unnecessary hardship to owners of adjoining property when they plat their own land and seek to provide for convenient access to it. Where, in the opinion of the Town Council, it is desirable to provide for street access to adjoining property, proposed streets shall be extended by dedication to the boundary line of such property. Half streets along the boundary of land proposed for subdivision are not to be permitted. Wherever possible, streets should intersect at right angles. In all hillside areas, streets running with contours shall be required to intersect at angles of not less than 60 degrees, unless approved by the agent.

(2) *Approach angle.* Streets shall approach other streets at an angle approved by the Town Engineer.

(3) *Minimum widths.* All streets within a subdivision must have a minimum right-of-way width of 50 feet and a minimum pavement width of 30 feet. Where curb and gutter is provided, the minimum pavement width, curb to curb, shall be 40 feet.

(4) *Culs-de-sac.* Generally, terminal streets (culs-de-sac), designed to have one end permanently closed, must be terminated by a turnaround of not less than 100 feet in diameter. The radius or diagonal on all intersections or culs-de-sac shall be as approved by the Town Engineer.

(5) *Minimum construction requirements.* Every owner or proprietor of any tract of land situated within the subdivision jurisdiction of the Town who subdivides the same into lots and streets shall, at his own expense, insure that the following minimum requirements are complied with:

All streets within such tract, as indicated on the subdivision plat, shall be of uniform grade (grading down elevations and filling in depressions), as approved by the Town Engineer, the full 50 feet width, with slopes of all banks and fills outside the 50-foot street right-of-way to be sloped no steeper than a 1.5 h:1v slope, with adequate ditches and drainage on both sides of all streets and intersections of streets, with drainage culverts where needed. All ditches and drainage shall be located according to the specifications of the Town Engineer. All fills shall be built in layers not exceeding eight inches in thickness of loose material, spread evenly, and each layer well compacted in accordance with Section 303, Earthwork, of the Virginia Department of Transportation Road and Bridge Specifications.

The subgrade shall be of good, clean material, free of trash, roots, stumps, sod, large stones or other objectionable matter.

After the subgrade has been brought to the required elevation, it shall be shaped, smoothed, rolled and compacted. It shall be crowned in the center with a slope of three-eighths of an inch to the foot from the center to each side. Over the prepared subgrade there shall be placed a base of approved material as specified by the Town Engineer. Base material shall be a minimum of six inches total thickness after rolling and compacting. The stone shall have suitable gradation and sufficient fines and crusher dust

to bond properly. Should an excess of coarse stone or pockets appear in the surface, additional crusher dust shall be used and bonded. The stone shall be rolled and well compacted and bonded.

During the rolling and compacting of the stone base, sufficient water shall be sprinkled on the surface to insure proper bonding. Surface course shall be applied over the prepared stone base at a time specified and approved by the Town Engineer. The stone base shall be clean and dry before surface asphalt is applied. Asphalt prime coat material and method of construction shall conform to Section 311 of the Virginia Department of Transportation Road and Bridge Specifications. Asphalt concrete mixture type shall be SM-2B, applied at a rate of 230 pounds per square yard (2").

All rough grading, except subgrading, shall be accomplished prior to the installation and putting down of water mains and sewer mains. After the water mains, sewer mains and manholes have been installed, the ditches backfilled and compacted, and sufficient settling of the ditches has taken place, the subgrading, placing of base stone and the bituminous surfacing shall follow, in that order. All drainage culverts shall be placed before the base stone or surfacing is accomplished. All surplus materials of every description shall be removed after the work has been completed and all streets left in a clean and neat condition.

(6) *Names.* Proposed streets which are obviously a continuation of other already existing and named streets shall bear the names of the existing streets. In no case shall the names of proposed streets duplicate existing street names irrespective of the use of the suffix street, avenue, boulevard, drive, way, place, lane or court. Street names shall be indicated on the preliminary and final plats, and shall be approved by the agent. Names of existing streets shall not be changed except by approval of the governing body.

(7) *Signs.* Street identification signs of a design approved by the agent shall be installed at all intersections by the Town at the owner's expense.

(8) *Private streets and reserve strips.* There shall be no private streets platted in any subdivision. Every subdivision shall be served from a publicly dedicated street. There shall be no reserve strip controlling access to streets except where the control of such strips is definitely placed with the Town under conditions approved by the Town Council.

(9) *Installation of street lights; costs borne by subdivision developer.* Street lights whether serviced underground or above ground of a size, type and at locations designated by the agent shall be paid for by the developer. Said street light plans shall be submitted as a part of the street plans and profiles required under Section 26-7(a).

(c) *Water and sewer.* Every owner, proprietor or developer of any tract of land situated within the corporate limits of the Town, or the subdivision jurisdiction of the Town, who subdivides the same into lots and streets as provided for in this chapter shall, at his own expense, construct and install water mains and sewer mains within such tract to accommodate all lots laid

out in the subdivision, which water mains and sewer mains are to be connected with and become a part of the Town's water system and sewer system, respectively.

(1) *Size, location and material for water and sewer lines.* The size, type and location of all pipes, valves, fire hydrants, manholes and other appurtenances required in connection with such water mains and sewer mains shall be determined by the Town.

(2) *Construction requirements.* All water and sewer construction shall be installed in a workmanlike manner, to conform to practices followed for the construction and installation of similar water mains and sewer mains in other parts of the Town; provided, that all such construction, both materials and work, shall be approved and inspected by a representative of the Town. The following requirements shall be the minimum requirements for such water mains and sewer mains:

a. *Water mains.* Minimum sizes for distances up to 2,000 feet shall be six inches. Minimum sizes for distances over 2,000 feet shall be eight inches. All water mains, fittings, valves, fire hydrants and other appurtenances shall conform to A.W.W.A. specifications, class 350, ductile iron mechanical joint or slip joint pipe and Town's local standards and review program for water line extensions.

b. *Sewer mains.* The minimum size of sewer mains shall be eight inches. SDR 35, SDR 21, or ductile iron pipe may be used. However, the Town will specify in each particular case the type of pipe to be used depending upon the type of soil, drainage and sewage. Manholes and covers shall conform to Town's local standards and review program for water line extensions.

(d) *Dedication or reservation of land for public purposes.* The Town Council may require subdividers of residential subdivisions to set aside land for parks, playgrounds, schools, libraries, municipal buildings and similar public and semipublic uses, subject to the following regulations:

(1) *Dedications.* Subdividers shall not be required to dedicate land for parks or playgrounds exceeding ten percent of the area of the subdivision, exclusive of street and drainage reservations, without reimbursement by the governing body. Where land is required in excess of this amount, the reimbursement by the governing body shall be based on a proportionate share of the (a) cost of raw land, (b) cost of improvements, including interest on investments, (c) development costs, (d) plus not more than ten percent profit on the total of such costs. **Subdividers choosing the compact development option as detailed in Chapter 30 "Zoning" shall not be compensated for dedications exceeding ten percent.**

(2) *Reservations.* Subdividers shall not be required to reserve land for public purposes other than streets, drainage, parks and playgrounds, except on a reimbursement basis. They shall be reimbursed by the jurisdiction or agency requiring the land. They shall not be required to hold the land longer than 18 months following the recording of the plat for such purposes. If the land is not purchased within such 18 months, it may be sold as lots for the same purposes for which the subdivision was platted. To facilitate such possible eventual sale of

reserved land as separate lots, the subdivider shall show in his final plat by dotted lines and dotted numbers, the area and dimensions of lots to be created within the boundaries of any such reserved land, and may sell such lots, after the expiration date of the reservation, by lot number without filing an amended plat. The Council or agent shall make certain that lands so reserved are divisible in the same manner as the remainder of the subdivision so that the subdivider will not be required to reserve an unusable portion of his subdivision. Nothing herein shall be construed to mean that land may be set aside for commercial purposes in a residential district, without the land so required for commercial use being zoned appropriately in accordance with the Zoning Ordinance.

(Code 1972, § 26-7; Ord. of 5-3-88, § 26-7(b)(9); Ord. of 11-3-98)

Be it further ordained by the Council of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia that the definition of "open space" in Section 30-1 of Chapter 30 "Zoning" of the *Christiansburg Town Code* be amended as follows:

ARTICLE I. IN GENERAL

Sec. 30-1. Definitions.

Open space. Any space reserved for common use (as among a homeowners association or as common space in apartment complexes) as to provide for outdoor living, patios, pools, lawns, play areas, walks, wooded areas and the like, but not including driveways and parking areas **with the exception of driveways and parking areas strictly for community buildings, picnic shelters, ball fields, trails, pools, and similar common use amenities located within the open space**.

Be it further ordained by the Council of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia that Section 30-9 of Chapter 30 "Zoning" of the *Christiansburg Town Code* be amended as follows:

Sec. 30-9. Lighting and minimum off-street parking.

(a) *Specific requirements by use.* Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, when any building or structure is hereafter erected or structurally altered, or any building or structure hereafter erected is converted, accessory off-street parking spaces shall be provided as follows:

Use or Use Category	*Off-street Parking Spaces Required*
Single-family or two-family dwelling	2 per dwelling unit
Townhouse	2 per dwelling unit
Multi-family dwelling, three or more dwelling units:	
One or more bedroom apartments, roomers	2 per dwelling unit 1 for each roomer

Use or Use Category	*Off-street Parking Spaces Required*
Church, temple, synagogue, or similar place of assembly	1 per 5 seats or bench seating spaces (seats in main auditorium only)
College or high school	1 per 5 seats or bench seating spaces (seats in main auditorium, gymnasium or field house only, whichever is larger) or one for each five students, whichever is greater
Elementary, junior high, or nursery school	1 per 10 seats in main assembly room or 2 per classroom, whichever is greater
Private club without sleeping rooms	1 per 5 members or 1 for each 400 square feet of floor area, whichever is greater
Public library, museum, art gallery, or community center	10 per use plus 1 additional space for each 300 square feet of floor area in excess of 1,000 square feet
Private clubs, fraternities, sororities, and lodges, with sleeping rooms	2 per 3 sleeping rooms or suites or 1 per 5 active members, whichever is greater
Sanitarium, convalescent home, home for aged, or similar institution	1 per 3 patient beds
Motel, motor hotel, motor lodge hotel, or tourist court	1 per sleeping room or suite plus 5 spaces for general use
Rooming, boarding, or lodging house, bed and breakfast establishment	1 per sleeping room
Hospital	2 per patient bed
Hospital, veterinary	1 per 400 square feet of floor area; 4 spaces minimum
Office or office building (other than medical), post office, studio	1 per 400 square feet of floor area; 3 spaces minimum
Medical offices or clinic	1 per 200 square feet of floor area; 10 spaces minimum for a clinic
Funeral home	1 per 50 square feet of floor area excluding storage and work area; 30 spaces minimum
Restaurant or other establishment for consumption of food or beverages inside a building on the premises	1 per 100 square feet of floor area, 3 spaces minimum

Use or Use Category	*Off-street Parking Spaces Required*
Restaurant, drive-in	1 per 100 square feet of floor area, 10 spaces minimum
Retail store or personal service establishment and banks	1 per 200 square feet of floor area
Shopping center	5 per 1,000 square feet gross leasable area
Automobile service station	3 for each service bay or pump island, whichever is greater. Parking for refueling may be credited toward required parking spaces if the Administrator determines parked vehicles do not interfere with traffic
Furniture or appliance store, machinery, equipment, mobile home, and automobile and boat sales and service	1 per 300 square feet of floor area; 2 spaces minimum. Automobile sales and service, 10 minimum
Auditorium, theater, gymnasium stadium, arena, or convention hall	1 per 4 seats or seating spaces
Bowling alley	5 per lane
Food storage locker	1 per 200 square feet customer service area
Outdoor sales area, open air market or flea market	4 for each rented stall, table, or sales space
Self service storage, miniwarehouse	1 for each 25 storage areas plus 3 spaces for the office, if provided (driving aisle between units must be paved or concrete)
Amusement place, dancehall, skating rink, swimming pool or exhibition hall, without fixed seats	1 per 100 square feet of floor area. Does not apply to accessory uses
General service or repair establishment, printing, publishing, plumbing, heating, broadcasting station	1 per 2 employees on premises; auditorium for broadcasting station requires seating as above
Manufacturing or industrial establishment, research or testing laboratory, creamery, bottling plant, wholesale, warehouse, or similar establishment	1 per 2 employees on maximum working shift plus space for storage of trucks or other vehicles used in connection with the business or industry

(b) *Interpretation of specific requirements.*

1. The parking requirements above are in addition to waiting spaces or stacking spaces necessary for the operation of drive-in or drive-through facilities. Waiting spaces on the premises must be adequate to avoid obstruction of traffic on the public way.

2. The parking requirements above are in addition to space for storage of automobiles, trucks, mobile homes, campers, recreation vehicles, or other similar vehicles used or offered for sale in connection with a particular use.

3. The parking requirements in this section do not limit the parking requirements contained in the district regulations.

4. The parking requirements in this section do not limit special requirements which may be imposed by approval of a conditional use or special exception.

5. Where fractional spaces result, the parking spaces required shall be construed to be the next highest whole number.

6. Except as otherwise provided, the number of employees shall be compiled on the basis of the maximum number of persons employed on the premises at one time on an average day or average night, whichever is greater. Seasonal variations in employment may be recognized in determining an average day.

7. The parking space requirements for a use not specifically listed in the chart shall be the same as for a listed use of similar characteristics of parking demand generation.

8. In the case of mixed uses, uses with different parking requirements occupying the same building or premises, or in the case of joint use of a building or premises by more than one use having the same parking requirements, the parking spaces required shall equal the sum of the requirements of the various uses computed separately.

9. Whenever a building or use is changed or enlarged in floor area, number of employees, number of dwelling units, seating capacity or otherwise, to create a need under the requirements of this section for an increase in parking spaces of ten percent or more, such additional spaces shall be provided on the basis of the change or enlargement. No additional spaces shall be required for the first change or enlargement which would result in an increase of spaces of less than ten percent of those required before the change or enlargement, but this exception shall not apply to a series of changes or enlargements which together result in a need for an increase in parking space of ten percent or more.

10. **Garages, carports, and other covered and/or enclosed parking areas shall not count toward off-street parking requirements of this Section with the exception that parking spaces in parking garages are allowed to be counted toward off-street parking requirements.**

(c) *Joint use and off-site facilities.* Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all parking spaces required herein shall be located on the same lot with the building or use served. Where an increase in the number of spaces is required by a change or enlargement of use or where such spaces are provided collectively or used jointly by two or more buildings or establishments, the required spaces may be located and maintained not to exceed 600 feet from an institutional building or other nonresidential building served. For the purpose of this requirement, land used for employee parking but located immediately across a street or alley from the building or use served shall be considered as located on the same lot.

(d) *Design standards.*

1. *Minimum space area and paving.* For the purpose of these regulations, an off-street parking space is a paved area not in a street or alley and having an area of not less than 162 square feet (nine feet in width and 18 feet in length minimum) or 144 square feet (eight feet in width and 18 feet in length minimum) for parallel parking, exclusive of driveways, permanently reserved for the temporary storage of one vehicle and connected with a street or alley by a paved driveway which affords ingress and egress for an automobile, and, except for a detached single-family dwelling or mobile home, without requiring another automobile to be moved. Acceptable paving methods/surfaces include asphalt, concrete, brick paving, and other methods as approved by the Zoning Administrator or Town Engineer (but does not include surface treatment or prime and double seal). An all-weather surface paving is permitted for a single-family or two-family dwelling. Parking spaces shall be delineated by four-inch striping, and such striping shall be maintained to the satisfaction of the Zoning Administrator.

2. *Entrances and exits.* Location and design of entrances and exits shall be in accord with the requirements of applicable regulations and standards, including those of the Virginia Department of Transportation. In general, there shall not be more than one entrance and one exit, or one combined entrance and exit, along any one street and exits and entrances shall not be located within 25 feet of a street intersection or be greater than 40 feet in width. Landscaping, curbing, or approved barriers shall be provided along lot boundaries to control entrance and exit of vehicles or pedestrians.

3. *Drainage and maintenance.* Off-street parking facilities shall be drained to eliminate standing water and prevent damage to abutting property and/or public streets and alleys and shall be paved in accordance with an approved plan or in accordance with applicable Town specifications. Off-street parking areas shall be maintained in a clean, orderly, and dust-free condition at the expense of the owner or lessee.

4. *Lighting.* Lighting shall be provided if off-street parking spaces are to be used at night in conjunction with a business or activity on the premises. Lighting facilities shall be arranged and installed, and the light source shielded, to minimize glare on adjacent property or streets and no lighting fixture shall exceed a height of 15 feet in a Residential District or 30 feet in a Business District. For Mixed Use Districts, lighting fixtures shall not exceed 15 feet for a residential use or 30 feet for a business use or mixed use. Lighting fixtures shall be allowed to exceed specified maximum heights with Conditional Use Permit approval. Property owned or controlled by the Town shall be exempt from these lighting requirements.

5. *Design in general.* All parking lots shall be arranged for functional efficiency and convenience and in general shall be designed to present a pleasing appearance so as to reduce adverse impact on surrounding public or private property.

6. *Parking lot aisles.* Aisle widths shall be based upon the following:

   90 degree parking - 23' aisle minimum

   60 degree parking - 18' aisle minimum

   45 degree parking - 14' aisle minimum

   One-way traffic - 14' aisle minimum

7. *Greenspace and landscaping.* Forty (40) square feet of greenspace per (1) one parking space provided shall be required within parking areas with twenty (20) or greater parking spaces. One (1) tree of a minimum height of six-feet tall shall be required per ten (10) parking spaces interior to the parking perimeters for all parking areas with twenty (20) or greater parking spaces. The greenspace and landscaping required shall be uniformly distributed in islands and bump-outs interior to the parking area to the satisfaction of the Zoning Administrator. Islands and bump-outs shall be of sufficient size to accommodate landscaping growth to maturity. The greenspace and landscaping requirements of this section shall be deemed to count toward the greenspace and landscaping requirements of the Zoning District provided the parking is provided on-site. Parking garages shall be exempted from the parking greenspace and landscaping requirement.

(e) *Grandfathered status in the B-2 Central Business District.* Sites in the B-2 Central Business District having existing structures, which are adequate for commercial, professional, or residential uses as provided in the B-2 Central Business District at the time of enactment of this amendment, shall be considered as grandfathered in regards to off-street parking requirements. Significant structural alterations or demolition as well as new construction, after enactment of this amendment, shall be grounds for grandfathered status to be lost.
(Code 1972, § 30-9; Ord. of 5-2-89; Ord. 2002-2 of 3-5-02; Ord. 2002-8 of 11-5-02; Ord. 2004-4 of 9-7-04; Ord. 2007-1 of 4-3-07; Ord. 2008-6 of 12-2-08)

Be it further ordained by the Council of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia that Chapter 30 "Zoning" of the *Christiansburg Town Code* be amended by the renumeration of Sections 30-200, 30-201, 30-202, 30-203, and 30-204 as Sections 30-201, 30-202, 30-203, 30-204, and 30-205 respectively and by the addition of Section 30-200 as follows:

ARTICLE XXII. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 30-200. Compact development option.

A. *Purpose and applicability.* The purpose of the compact development option is to provide flexibility in development design in order to encourage preservation of natural areas,

provide pedestrian accommodations, provide cost-efficiency for infrastructure improvements, and provide opportunity for appropriate design solutions for unique site conditions. The compact development option shall be allowed for single-family residential and two-family residential development with the provision of new public streets and allowed for multi-family residential development in the R-1A, R-1, R-2, R-3, and R-MS Residential Districts and MU-1 and MU-2 Mixed Use Districts subject to the provided regulations and restrictions. The compact development option shall not be allowed for single-family residential and two-family residential development on existing public streets. Use of the compact development option is voluntary. Except as provided in this Section, all other provisions of the respective Zoning Districts shall be applicable.

B. *Sidewalk and pedestrian facilities.* Sidewalks and curb and gutter shall be required on both sides of the public streets for all new streets and for all multi-family residential development utilizing the compact develop option. In lieu of sidewalks and curb and gutter, an owner or developer shall provide a paved multi-use trail a minimum of eight (8) feet in width connecting to the street right-of-way and to each lot within the development for single-family, duplex, or townhouse development or at least the length of the total street frontage connecting to the right-of-way and to each apartment or condominium unit within the development by a hard surface connection.

C. *Open space dedication.* Development utilizing the compact development option shall provide a minimum open space dedication a minimum of twenty-five (25) percent. Open space dedication shall be exclusive of street dedication. Stormwater management areas may be included in required open space for development choosing the compact development option; however a maximum of ten (10) percent of the total development area, exclusive of streets, being surface stormwater management area shall be allowed to count toward the required twenty-five (25) percent open space dedication. All subsurface stormwater management areas meeting the open space definition shall be allowed to count toward the required twenty-five (25) percent open space dedication.

Open space dedication shall be either dedication to the Town or dedication as common area to a homeowners' association or other form of common interest private ownership comparable to a homeowners' association acceptable to the Zoning Administrator. Acceptance of open space by the Town is strictly at the Town's option and nothing shall compel the Town to accept open space as fee simple dedication. Accessory structures such as community buildings and picnic shelters, ball fields, trails, and similar amenities shall be permitted within the open space area. Parking areas solely for access to amenities within the open space shall be permitted within the open space area. Parking areas for dwelling units are prohibited in the open space area.

D. *Tree requirement.* Development utilizing the compact development option shall provide a minimum of two (2) trees at a minimum height of six (6) feet tall upon planting in the front yard for each single-family residence lot and for each duplex lot. Multi-family development utilizing the compact development option shall provide a minimum of one (1) tree at a minimum height of six (6) feet tall upon planting in the front yard for every 50 linear feet of public street frontage rounded up to the nearest whole number.

The following trees are acceptable in regards to the front yard tree requirement. Other trees shall be acceptable in regards to the front yard tree requirement as approved by the Zoning Administrator.

Scientific Name - Common Name

Taxodium distichum - Baldcypress

Nyssa sylvatica - Blackgum

Ulmus x sp. - Elms

Carpinus betulus - Eurpean hornbeam

Acer x freemanii - Freeman maple

Ginkgo biloba – Ginkgo

Crataegus viridis - Green hawthorn

Prunus subhirtella - Higan cherry

Gleditsia triacanthos - Honeylocust

Ostrya virginiana - hophornbeam

Carpinus caroliniana - hornbeam

Styrax japonicus - Japanese snowbell

Zelkova serrata - Japanese zelkova

Cercidiphyllum japonicum - katsuratree

Gymnocladus dioicus - Kentucky coffeetree

Tilia cordata - littleleaf linden

Acer griseum - paperbark maple

Acer rubrum - red maple

Cercis canadensis - eastern redbud

Betula nigra - river birch

Amelanchier x grandiflora - serviceberry

Oxydendrum arboreum - sourwood

Acer saccharum - sugar maple

Crataegus phaenopyrum - Washington hawthorn

E. *Reduction of lot area, lot width, lot depth, and yard areas permitted.* Development utilizing the compact development option shall provide the minimum lot area, lot width at the

street line and setback line, lot depth, and front, side and rear yard requirements as follows in the R-1A, R-1, R-2, R-3, and R-MS Residential Districts and MU-1 and MU-2 Mixed Use Districts:

Zoning District	Minimum Lot Area (in Square Feet)	Minimum Lot Width (in feet)	Minimum Lot Depth (in feet)	Minimum Front Yard (in feet)	Minimum Side Yard (in feet)	Minimum Rear Yard (in feet)
R-1A	9,000 utilizing public water and sewer; 10,200 on septic; 12,000 on septic and well	75	100	30	10	35
R-1	6,000	60	100	20	7.5	30
R-2 single-family use	6,000	60	100	20	7.5	20
R-2 duplex use	8,000	70	100	20	7.5	20
R-3 single-family use	6,000	60	100	20	7.5	20
R-3 duplex use	8,000	70	100	20	7.5	20
R-3 multi-family use	15,625 but may use a density of 14 units per acre for multi-family development	125	100	20	10	20
R-MS single-family use	6,000	60	100	20	7.5	20
MU-1 single-family use	6,000	60	100	20	7.5	20
MU-1 duplex use	8,000	70	100	20	7.5	20
MU-2 single-family use	6,000	60	100	20	7.5	20
MU-2 duplex use	8,000	70	100	20	7.5	20

F. *Corner lots.*

The following special provisions shall apply to corner lots:

(1) Of the two sides of a corner lot, the front shall be deemed to be the shortest of the two sides fronting on streets.

(2) The side yard on the side facing the side street shall be 20 feet or more for both main and accessory buildings.

(3) Each corner lot shall have a minimum width at the setback line and the street line measured to the P. I. of a radius where a radius exists of 100 feet.

G. *Single unit ownership of two-family dwellings.*

(1) *Purpose.* The purpose of this section is to allow for single unit ownership of either unit of a two-family dwelling which has a common vertical wall separating the two units for two-family dwellings developed utilizing the compact development option.

(2) *Area.* Minimum lot area for two-family structures shall be 8,000 square feet with each single dwelling unit having a lot area of at least 4,000 square feet.

(3) *Setback.* Same as for other buildings.

(4) *Frontage.* Same as for other buildings except that the minimum lot width at the street line and at the setback line for each single unit of a two-family dwelling shall be 35 feet.

(5) *Yards.* Same as for other buildings except that for two-family dwellings in which either single unit is individually owned there shall be no side yard setback required on the interior or common property line. Exterior side yard setback shall be based upon the width of the lot at the setback line for the entire two-unit structure.

This ordinance shall become effective upon adoption. If any part of this ordinance is deemed unlawful by a court of competent jurisdiction all remaining parts shall be deemed valid. Ordinances or parts of any ordinances of the Town whose provisions are in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Upon a call for an aye and nay vote on the foregoing ordinance at a regular meeting of the Council of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia held _____, 2010, the members of the Council of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia present throughout all deliberations on the foregoing and voting or abstaining, stood as indicated opposite their names as follows:

	Aye	Nay	Abstain	Absent
Mayor Richard G. Ballengee*				
D. Michael Barber				
Cord Hall				
Steve Huppert				
Henry Showalter				
Bradford J. Stipes				
James W. "Jim" Vanhoozier				

*Votes only in the event of a tie vote by Council.